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#### **Drawing Organic Molecules**

1. Redraw the following compounds in line-angle format, and include all lone pairs.



### **VSEPR** Theory

# of Electron Density Regions	Bond Angles	Geometry
2	180°	linear
3	120°	trigonal planar
4	109.5°	tetrahedral

A simple geometrical construction- place the nucleus of the atom at the center of a sphere, then place points of electron density (i.e., atoms or lone pairs) on the surface of the sphere such that they are as far apart as possible. The resulting arrangement is the geometry at that atom



## 2. Use the VSEPR model to predict the geometry of the following molecules at the atom highlighted in bold.

(a)  $C_2H_2$ , acetylene

(b) Propene, MeCH=CH<sub>2</sub> (for the central carbon)

(c) Ethanol, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

#### **Functional Groups**







#### 4. A Combined Problem (Blatantly Stolen from a Dr. H Exam)



(a) Fill in the blanks:

Total # of lone pairs\_\_\_\_\_

Total # of hydrogen atoms\_\_\_\_\_

Total # of tetrahedral atoms\_\_\_\_\_

# of carbonyl groups\_\_\_\_\_

Name the functional groups\_\_\_\_\_

Most	polar	bond	

Approximate NCC bond angles \_\_\_\_\_

(b) By adding, subtracting, or changing at most 5 atoms in the molecule, rewrite the structure so that it contains an ester functional group.

"Family Name"	Functional Group Structure	Name ending (IUPAC)
Alkane	contains only C-H, C-C single bonds	-ane
Alkene	c=c	-ene
Alkyne	C=C	-yne
Arene	(alternating C-C & C=C in cyclic cpd)	
Halide	$- \begin{bmatrix} I \\ - \bar{x} \end{bmatrix} X = F, Cl, Br, I$	
Alcohol	сн	-ol
Ether	ç <u>ō</u> ç	ether
Amine	$- \begin{array}{c} - \overline{\mathbf{N}} - \mathbf{N$	-amine
Nitrile	C=Nŧ	-nitrile
Nitro		
Aldehyde		-al
Ketone		-one
Carboxylic acid	с	-oic acid
Ester		-oate
Amide		-amide
Acyl chloride	ÇĞ#	-oyl chloride
(Acid) Anhydride		-oic anhydride
Phenol	С——ў—н (-OH connected to aromatic ring)	-phenol

# Functional Groups Every Organic Student Should KNOW