## DNA PREPARATION FROM CHLAMYDOMONAS REINHARDTII

- 1. 1000 ml of cells grown to stationary (thicker cultures work better).
- 2. Pellet 5K 2-5 mins.
- 3. Drain well and resuspend in 8.3 ml of H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 4. 11 ml of resuspended cells are pipetted into 50 ml Corning orange cap tube. Add 20 ml of SDS-EB.

SDS-EB = 2% SDS 400 mM NaCl 40 mM EDTA 100 mM tris-Cl, 8.0

Note: This solution precipitates on storage.

Mix gently by hand.

- 5. 15 min. 50°C.
- 6. Add 32g solid CsCl.
- 7. Dissolve by shaking on rocker.

Note: Can take a long time.

- 8. Add 2 ml of 10 mg/ml Ethidium bromide. Mix gently.
- 9. Load into 38.5 ml quick seal tube. Use funnel provided by Beckman. The solution is very viscous and will not go through a needle.
- 10. Seal according to Beckman instructions. If tubes aren't full, use CsCl solution (l g dissolved in 1 ml TE--NOTE: Final volume is greater than 1 ml).
- 11. 45K, VTi 50, 24 h, 15°-20°
- 12. Remove band with 5 ml syringe and 18 g needle.
- 13. Extract with CsCl solution saturated i-Butanol.
- 14. Dialyze against 0.4M NaCl in TE 24 h. Change dialysis buffer. Dialyze against TE 24 h.
- 15. Phenol extract, chloroform extract.
- 16. Ethanol ppt, using NH<sub>4</sub>OAc, and resuspend in 1.5 mls TE buffer.
- 17. Add 1.5 g CsCl and  $100\lambda$  10 mg/ml EtBr.

- 18. Spin 90 Krpm 15°C 5 hours in TL 100.3 rotor in TL 100 ultracentrifuge (J. Erickson's lab) using polycarbonate tubes.
- 19. Pipet out genomic DNA band. Extract EtBr with 1-butanol saturated with CsCl solution.
- 20. Add to final aqueous phase:
  - 2 volumes TE buffer 6 volumes 100% Ethanol

Let precipitate on ice.

- 21. Centrifuge and wash pellet with 70% EtOH.
- 22. Drain and dry final pellet and resuspend in SH<sub>2</sub>O (sterile H<sub>2</sub>O).