

- ① R/S DESIGNATION
- ② FISCHER PROJECTIONS
- ③ CIS/TRANS DIASTEREISOMERS

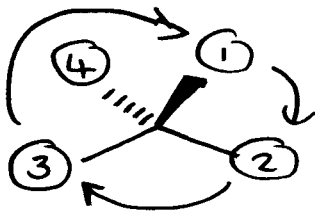
3.4-3.7, 3.24-3.32 (3rd)

PROBLEMS: 3.4-3.8, 3.25-3.33 (4th)

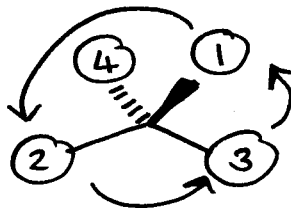
READ: 3.4-3.5 (4th) & (3rd)

MIDTERM: ROOMS A-H ROYCE 190 I-Z CS50
ID, MODEL KITS

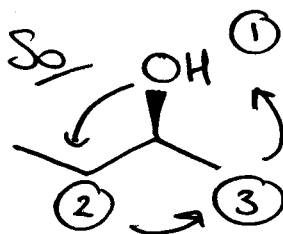
① R/S DESIGNATION



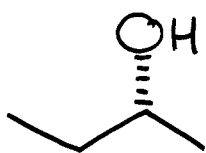
CLOCKWISE (R)



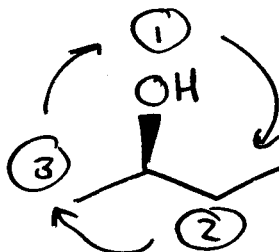
COUNTERCLOCKWISE (S)



(S)-2-BUTANOL



rotate
180°

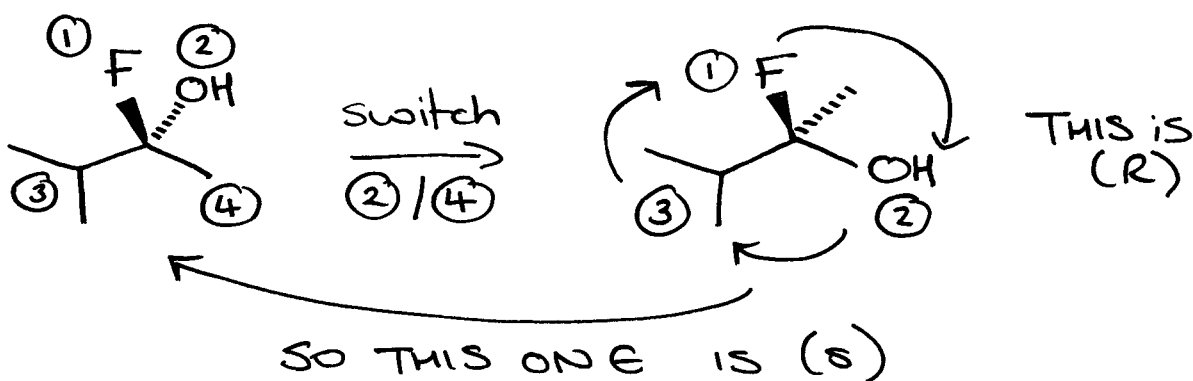
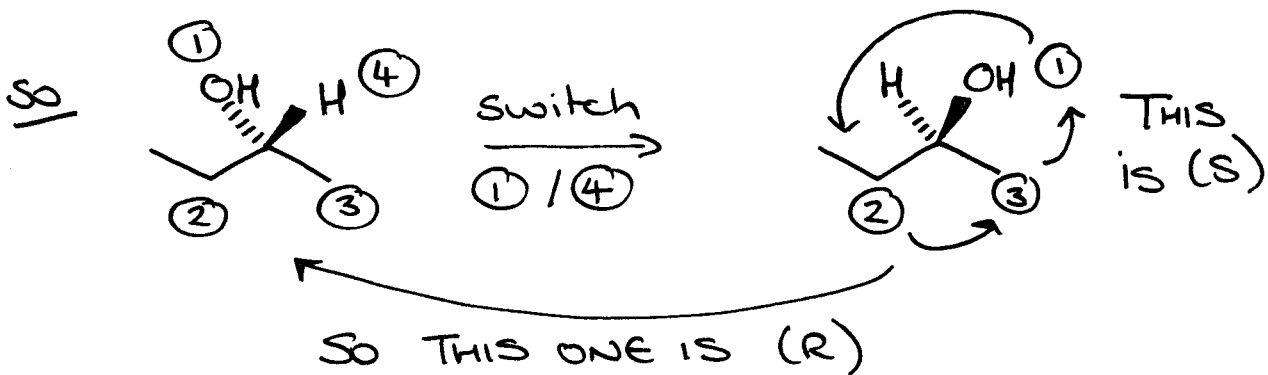


(R)-2-BUTANOL

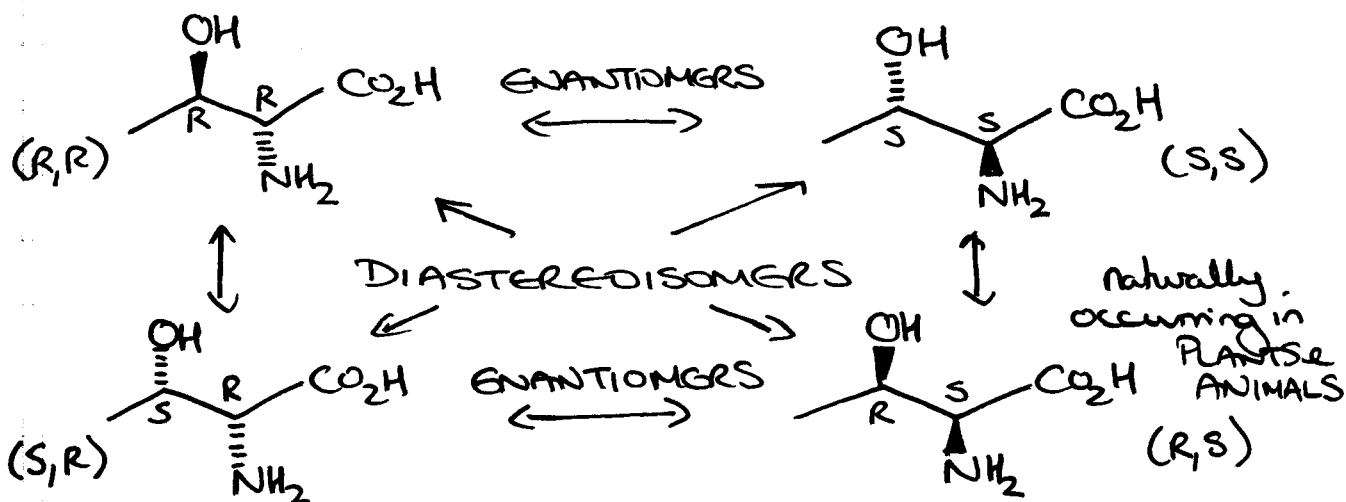
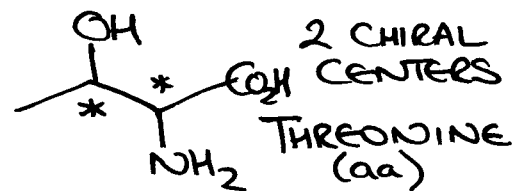
Small group
is NOT in the
back

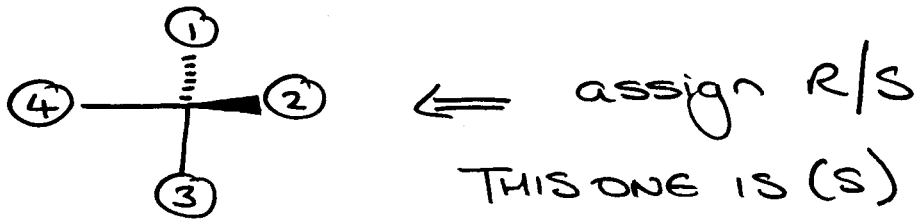
or if you have trouble rotating molecules

- SWITCH lowest priority group (4) with the group that is in the back
- ASSIGN R/S, and switch



Compounds with more than one STEREOCENTER



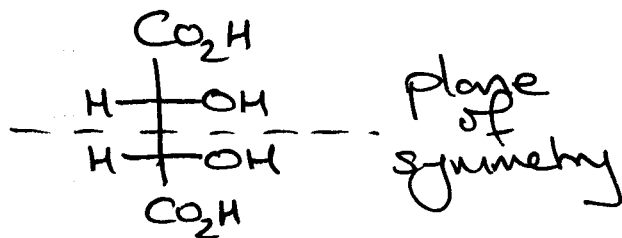
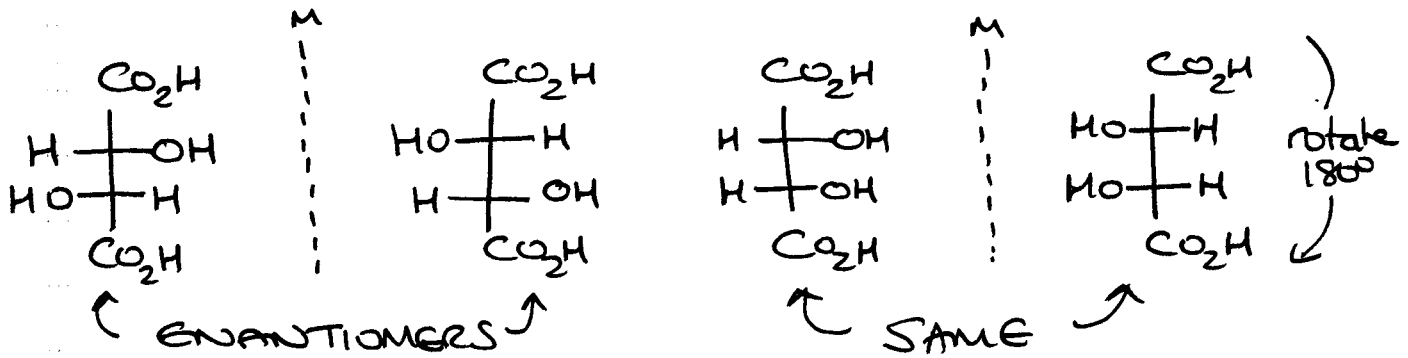
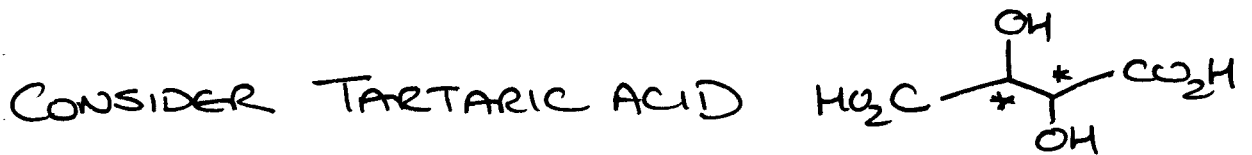


- Go BACK and DETERMINE R/S for 2,3,4-trihydroxybutanal

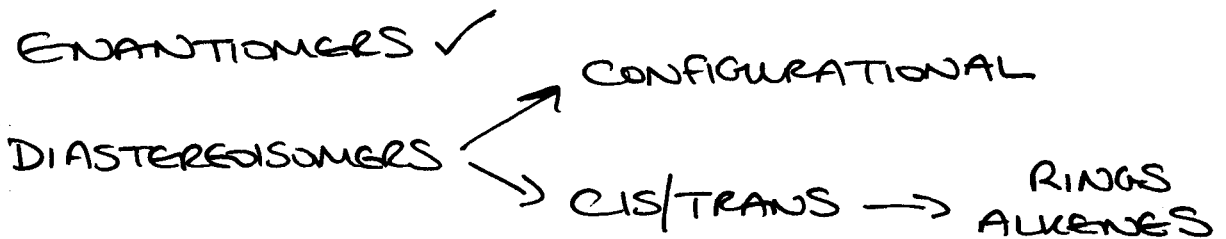
- A molecule with n chiral centers can have a maximum number of STEREOISOMERS = 2^n

2,3,4 trihydroxybutanal has 2 stereocenters

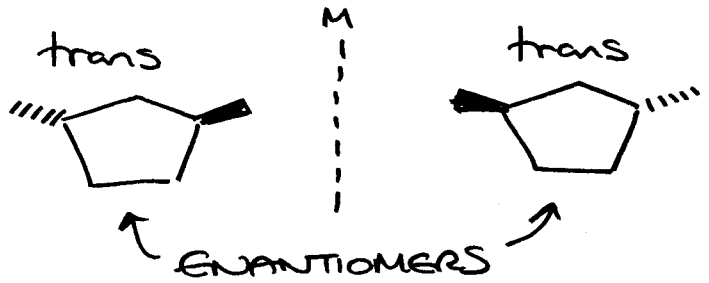
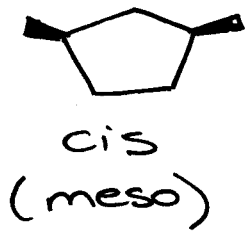
$2^2 = 4$ STEREOISOMERS



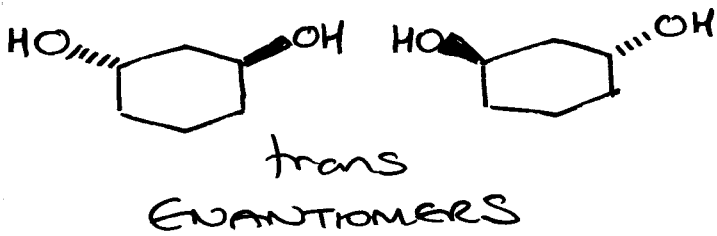
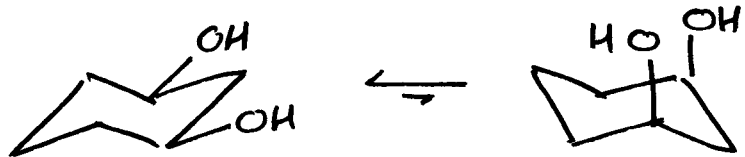
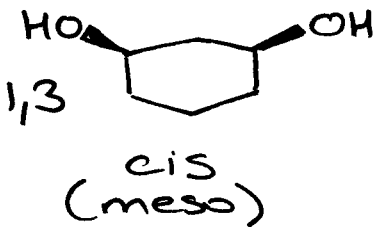
COMPOUND w/ CHIRAL CENTERS, but is ACHIRAL
⇒ meso



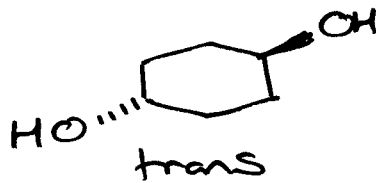
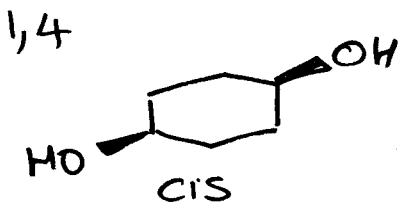
RINGS



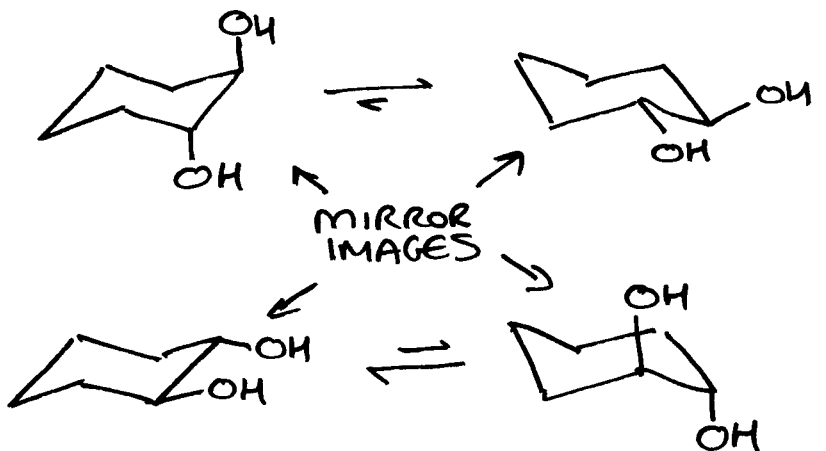
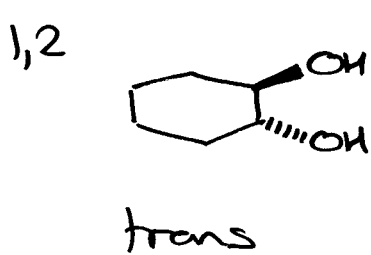
Consider CYCLOHEXANES



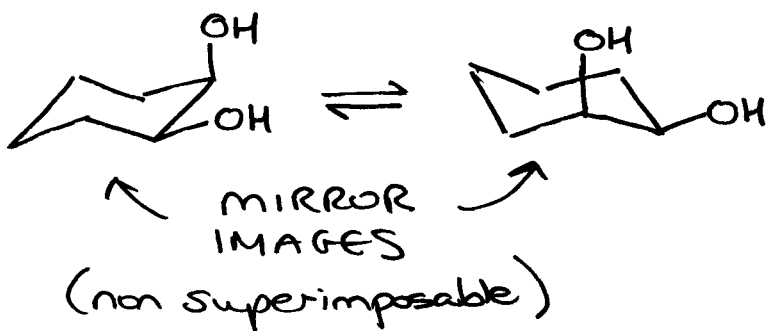
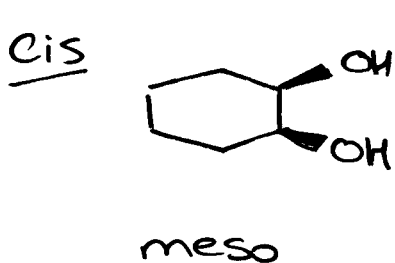
DRAW CHAIR FOR EACH
AND DO A RING FLIP
FOR EACH ENANTIOMER
(IN EACH CASE,
CHAIRS ARE IDENTICAL)



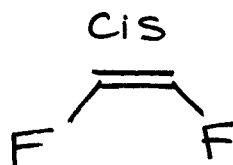
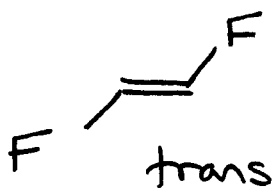
BOTH
ACHIRAL



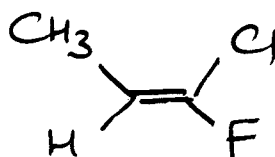
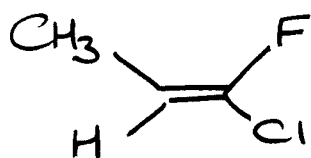
(6)



ALKENES



DIASTEREISOMERS



DIASTEREISOMERS

cis/trans?

(E)

(Z)

Use same priority rules as for R/S on each C of the double bond.

